### § 267.1103

### § 267.1103 What additional design and operating standards apply if liquids will be in my containment building?

If your containment building will be used to manage hazardous wastes containing free liquids or treated with free liquids, as determined by the paint filter test, by a visual examination, or by other appropriate means, you must include:

- (a) A primary barrier designed and constructed of materials to prevent the migration of hazardous constituents into the barrier (for example, a geomembrane covered by a concrete wear surface).
- (b) A liquid collection and removal system to minimize the accumulation of liquid on the primary barrier of the containment building.
- (1) The primary barrier must be sloped to drain liquids to the associated collection system; and
- (2) You must collect and remove liquids and waste to minimize hydraulic head on the containment system at the earliest practicable time.
- (c) A secondary containment system, including a secondary barrier designed and constructed to prevent migration of hazardous constituents into the barrier, and a leak detection system capable of detecting failure of the primary barrier and collecting accumulated hazardous wastes and liquids at the earliest practical time.
- (1) You may meet the requirements of the leak detection component of the secondary containment system by installing a system that is, at a minimum.
- (i) Constructed with a bottom slope of 1 percent or more; and
- (ii) Constructed of a granular drainage material with a hydraulic conductivity of  $1\times 10^{-2}$  cm/sec or more and a thickness of 12 inches (30.5 cm) or more, or constructed of synthetic or geonet drainage materials with a transmissivity of 3  $\times$  10–5 m²sec or more.
- (2) If you will be conducting treatment in the building, you must design the area in which the treatment will be conducted to prevent the release of liquids, wet materials, or liquid aerosols to other portions of the building.
- (3) You must construct the secondary containment system using materials

that are chemically resistant to the waste and liquids managed in the containment building and of sufficient strength and thickness to prevent collapse under the pressure exerted by overlaying materials and by any equipment used in the containment building.

#### § 267.1104 How may I obtain a waiver from secondary containment requirements?

Notwithstanding any other provision of this subpart, the Regional Administrator may waive requirements for secondary containment for a permitted containment building where:

- (a) You demonstrate that the only free liquids in the unit are limited amounts of dust suppression liquids required to meet occupational health and safety requirements, and
- (b) Containment of managed wastes and dust suppression liquids can be assured without a secondary containment system.

# § 267.1105 What do I do if my containment building contains areas both with and without secondary containment?

For these containment buildings, you must:

- (a) Design and operate each area in accordance with the requirements enumerated in §§ 267.1101 through 267.1103.
- (b) Take measures to prevent the release of liquids or wet materials into areas without secondary containment.
- (c) Maintain in the facility's operating log a written description of the operating procedures used to maintain the integrity of areas without secondary containment.

### \$ 267.1106 What do I do if I detect a release?

Throughout the active life of the containment building, if you detect a condition that could lead to or has caused a release of hazardous waste, you must repair the condition promptly, in accordance with the following procedures.

- (a) Upon detection of a condition that has lead to a release of hazardous waste (for example, upon detection of leakage from the primary barrier), you must:
- (1) Enter a record of the discovery in the facility operating record;

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- (2) Immediately remove the portion of the containment building affected by the condition from service;
- (3) Determine what steps you must take to repair the containment building, to remove any leakage from the secondary collection system, and to establish a schedule for accomplishing the cleanup and repairs; and
- (4) Within 7 days after the discovery of the condition, notify the Regional Administrator of the condition, and within 14 working days, provide a written notice to the Regional Administrator with a description of the steps taken to repair the containment building, and the schedule for accomplishing the work.
- (b) The Regional Administrator will review the information submitted, make a determination regarding whether the containment building must be removed from service completely or partially until repairs and cleanup are complete, and notify you of the determination and the underlying rationale in writing.
- (c) Upon completing all repairs and cleanup, you must notify the Regional Administrator in writing and provide a verification, signed by a qualified, registered professional engineer, that the repairs and cleanup have been completed according to the written plan submitted in accordance with paragraph (a)(4) of this section.

## § 267.1107 Can a containment building itself be considered secondary containment?

Containment buildings can serve as secondary containment systems for tanks placed within the building under certain conditions.

- (a) A containment building can serve as an external liner system for a tank, provided it meets the requirements of §267.196(a).
- (b) The containment building must also meet the requirements of §267.195(a), (b)(1) and (2) to be considered an acceptable secondary containment system for a tank.

## § 267.1108 What must I do when I stop operating the containment building?

When you close a containment building, you must remove or decontami-

nate all waste residues, contaminated containment system components (liners, etc.), contaminated subsoils, and structures and equipment contaminated with waste and leachate, and manage them as hazardous waste unless 40 CFR 261.3(d) applies. The closure plan, closure activities, cost estimates for closure, and financial responsibility for containment buildings must meet all of the requirements specified in subparts G and H of this part.

### PART 268—LAND DISPOSAL RESTRICTIONS

#### Subpart A—General

Sec.

268.1 Purpose, scope, and applicability.

268.2 Definitions applicable in this part.

268.3 Dilution prohibited as a substitute for treatment.

268.4 Treatment surface impoundment exemption.

268.5 Procedures for case-by-case extensions to an effective date.

268.6 Petitions to allow land disposal of a waste prohibited under subpart C of part 268.

268.7 Testing, tracking, and recordkeeping requirements for generators, treaters, and disposal facilities.

268.8 [Reserved]

268.9 Special rules regarding wastes that exhibit a characteristic.

#### Subpart B—Schedule for Land Disposal Prohibition and Establishment of Treatment Standards

268.10-268.12 [Reserved]

268.13 Schedule for wastes identified or listed after November 8, 1984.

268.14 Surface impoundment exemptions.

### Subpart C—Prohibitions on Land Disposal

268.20 Waste specific prohibitions—Dyes and/or pigments production wastes.

268.21–268.29 [Reserved]

268.30 Waste specific prohibitions—Wood preserving wastes.

268.31 Waste specific prohibitions—Dioxincontaining wastes.

268.32 Waste specific prohibitions—Soils exhibiting the toxicity characteristic for metals and containing PCBs.

268.33 Waste specific prohibitions—chlorinated aliphatic wastes.

268.34 Waste specific prohibitions—toxicity characteristic metal wastes.

268.35 Waste specific prohibitions—petroleum refining wastes.